

All instrumental recordings in chronological order



VJM TIMESPAN — THE LIVING HISTORY OF JAZZ

## VINTAGE SERIES

**VLP. 75** (VLP. 75-A) MCPS



SIDE 1

(P) 1989 Mono

## THE ESSENTIAL DUKE ELLINGTON 8.1.29 - 4.4.29

- 1. TIGER RAG Part 1 (La Rocca)(2:53) 2. TIGER RAG Part I (La Rocca)(2:52)
- 3. TIGER RAG Part 2 (La Rocca)(2 53)
- 4. FLAMING YOUTH (Ellington)(3:23)
- 5. SATURDAY NIGHT FUNCTION (Eilington/Bigard)(3:10)



## VINTAGE SERIES

**VLP. 75** (VLP. 75-B) MCPS



SIDE 2

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O. HIGH LIFE (Ellington)(3:13)

7. DOIN THE VOOM, VOOM (Ellington/Miley)(3:15)

8. JAPANESE DREAM (Fledds/Mortugh)(3:36)

9. HARLEMANIA (Fledds/Mortugh)(3:30)

10. RENT PARTY BLUES (Ellington)(3:31)

1.2.3 S.B.K. Partnership Ltd. 4.5.6,7 Belwin Mills

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TIGER RAG - Part 2 (a) E-28941-A (La Rocca) 2.53

4. FLAMING YOUTH (b) 49652-2 (Ellington) 3.23

SATURDAY NIGHT FUNCTION (b) 49653-2 (Ellington, Biggard) 3.10 6. HIGH LIFE (b) 49654-1 (Ellington) 3.13

(trumpets), Joe Nanton (trombone), Johnny Hodges (clarinet, soprano sax, alto sax), Harry Carney (clarinet, alto sax, baritone sax), Barney Bigard (clarinet

tenor sax), Fred Guy (banjo), Wellman Braud (string bass), Sonny Greer (drums)

Recorded in New York on January 8th 1929

(b) DUKE ELLINGTON AND HIS COTTON CLUB ORCHESTRA:

Personnel as (a). Greer plays chimes on 'High Life Recorded in New York on January 16th 1929

(c) DUKE ELLINGTON'S ORCHESTRA:

Ellington (piano, arranger), Whetsol, Jenkins, Cootie Williams (trumpets), Nanton (trombone), Flodges (clarinet, soprano sax, alto sax),

Carney (clarinet, alto sax, baritone sax), Bigard (clarinet, tenor sax),

Guy (banio), Braud (string bass), Greer (drums) Recorded in New York on February 18th 1929

Once again, as with the last volume (VLP74), around three months of Ellington's

To continue the Brunswick session of January 1929. For the first and only time, the

recorded history is represented here. Even so, this is a rich and varied programme, with a

orchestra records "Tiger Rag", although Ellington had used the chords as a basis for com-

position in the past. Both "The Creeper" (VLP71) and "Hot and Bothered" (VLP74) were

examples of this, and as we shall soon discover, more was to come. Originally issued as a

double sided 10" 78, an innovation for 1929, it appeared twice in this country, first on

British Brunswick 3956, and some years later on Warner Brunswick 01338. Each issue

contained a different take of Part one, 3956 being the rarer of the two. Both are included

here. The lightweight arrangement allows plenty of scope for the soloists. In order of

appearance, they are Bigard, Jenkins, Camey, Hodges, Miley, Nanton and Bigard again.

also Miley's last session with the orchestra. Some time later he was to join the society dance

orchestra of Leo Reisman, but that's another story . . . "Flaming Youth" sparkles from start

to finish. Miley takes the first solo, with a brief bridge passage from Nanton. On the solos of

Hodges and Nanton, this same passage is taken in each case by Whetsol. "Saturday Night

Function", An Ellington-Bigard collaboration, is a sixteen bar theme, going into twelve bars

for the solos of Bigard, Whetsol and Nanton. Flodges is to be heard briefly during the

opening and closing statements. "High Life" brings back those "Tiger Rag" chords again.

Solos by Bigard (Note the similarity to the Brunswick "Tiger" part one take A) Jenkins,

Nanton and Greer on chimes. Both Hodges and Camey are heard briefly during the

ensemble chorus. "Doin' The Voom Voom" follows the same solo sequence as the earlier

version (VLP74) as follows: Miley, Hodges, Miley, Whetsol (bridge passage), Miley, Camey/

Nanton (duet), Miley, Ellington, Bigard and Miley. One final word on this session. The New

York Victor engineers did a wonderful job in recording Braud's powerful bass work, en-

performances. "Japanese Dream" from the McHugh-Fields partnership, is a pretty melody,

and Ellington wisely lets it stand as such. Solos by Whetsol and Bigard. "Harlemania" is a

different story, with solos by Nanton, Camey, Jenkins, Hodges and Bigard. A great stomp-

ing performance, and if you close your eyes, you can almost imagine that line of Cotton

more titles. "Rent Party Blues" is dominated by the power and invention of Johnny Flodges on soprano saxophone. Other solos are by Whetsol and Nanton, but Hodges is superb.

sweeping all before him. Surprisingly, this composition by Hodges and Ellington came to

Just eleven days on, the orchestra was back in the Brunswick recording studios for three

Another Victor session, from just over a month later, provides two very contrasting

The Victor session from only eight days later is brilliantly performed, recorded, and is

The takes of part one are very different, with Bigard being particularly inventive

DOIN' THE VOOM VOOM (b) 49655-2 (Ellington, Miley) 3.15

JAPANESE DREAM (c) 48373-2 (Fields, McHugh) 3.36 9. HARLEMANIA (c) 48374-1 (Fields, McHugh) 3.00

10. RENT PARTY BLUES (d) E-29381-A (Ellington) 3.31

most adventurous repertoire beginning to take shape.

hancing an already great Ellington recording session.

1. PADUCAH (d) E-29382-A (Don Redman) 2.34

2. HARLEM FLAT BLUES (d) E-29383-A (Ellington) 3.12

3. THE DICTY GLIDE (e) 44/267-2 (Ellinoton) 3.16 4. HOT FEET (e) 49768-2 (Fields, McHugh) 2.38

5. SLOPPY JOE (e) 49769-2 (Bigard) 3.14 STEVEDORE STOMP (e) 49770-2 Ellington, Mills) 2.47

SARATOGA SWING (f) 3713-C (Bigard) 2.51

WHO SAID "IT'S TIGHT LIKE THAT"? (f) 3714-A (Ellington) 3.00

9. I MUST HAVE THAT MAN (g) 148170-3 (Fields. McHugh) 3.23

10. FREEZE AND MELT (a) 148171-1 (Fields, McHugh) 2.54

Personnels and recording dates: —

(a) DUKE ELLINGTON AND HIS COTTON CLUB ORCHESTRA:

(4) THE JUNGLE BAND: Personnel as (c). Recorded in New York on March 1st 1929.

(e) DUKE ELLINGTON AND HIS COTTON CLUB ORCHESTRA: Personnel as (c). Whetsol and Nanton omitted on 'Sloppy Joe' Recorded in New York on March 7th 1929.

(I) THE WASHINGTONIANS:

Ellington (piano, arranger), Cootie Williams, Whetsol (trumpets), Bigard (clarinet), Hodges (clarinet, alto sax), Guy (banjo), Braud (brass bass), Greer (drums). Vocal on 'Who Said 'It's Tight Like That"?' is by Cootie Williams. Recorded in New York about March 15th 1929.

> (g) JOE TURNER AND HIS MEMPHIS MEN: Personnel as (c). Recorded in New York on April 4th 1929

light again in 1936, this time as "Spreadin' Knowledge Around" with composer credit going to Ben Pollack and Flany James. But then, a few months later, this same pair took part of "Rockin' In Rhythm" as a basis for "Peckin". However, I'm digressing... back to the Brunswick session. "Paducah", a Don Redman composition, had already been recorded by the Chocolate Dandies the previous October (OKEH 8627). The Ellington version allows solo space to Miley's replacement, Charles "Cootie" Williams. He played much open trumpet during his early days with Ellington, and here shows a decided Armstrong influence. It has to be said that the Brunswick engineers were way behind Victor at this time, and Bigard's obbligato to Williams is over modulated. Nanton is the other soloist. "Harlem Flat Blues" has twenty four bars each by Nanton and Bigard, the former at his most sinister.

Another Victor session follows from only six days later. Once again, the orchestra benefits from the superior recording techniques, and all four titles, never to be recorded again, are superb. Ellington leads into "The Dicty Glide", with Whetsol and Hodges making the most of the laid back tempo. Nanton has a short spot, with Hodges and Bigard running in an out during the final chorus. "Hot Feet" by Fields and McHugh, stomps along at a fast pace, with Bigard on tenor for the first chorus, Williams (vocal) and Jenkins (tpt) sharing the second, followed by Hodges, Nanton/Braud (duet) and Bigard. "Sloppy Joe". with Greer's falsetto doodling, is a blues, with fine solos by Duke, Bigard and Williams. "Stevedore Stomp" has a string of impressive solos in this order: Whetsol/Braud (duet), Carney, Nanton (one of his greatest open solos). Bigard and Hodges.

The next two, made for the small Cameo company, and originally issued as by the Washingtonians, are little gems buried in surface noise. In spite of discographical listings to the contrary, all I hear are a three piece front line plus rhythm, with tuba replacing string bass. "Saratoga Swing", a beautiful twelve bar blues, has impressive solos by Hodges, Williams and Bigard. "Who Said It's Tight Like That" is played at a jaunty march tempo, and the three soloists are again heard to advantage. Williams is the vocalist

Finally, two titles made for Columbia, and issued under the name of Joe Turner and his Memphis Men. "I Must Have That Man", initially only released in England, stayed unissued in USA until the early fifties, and even then it was only a bootleg issue. Whetsol plays the introduction, a badly balanced Nanton and Bigard share the first chorus, Duke contributes a weird and wonderful solo, and Carney takes the middle eight of the final chorus. "Freeze and Melt", another from Fields and McHugh, has the balance engineer back in control, with Braud's bass to the fore, sharing the first chorus with Bigard. Hodges plays the twenty four bar verse, leading to a chorus from Jenkins, Bigard again, Greer on chimes, with Hodges again briefly towards the close.

Of the eighteen titles on this LP, twelve were recorded once and once only. All come from a richly productive period in the orchestra's history, and most show that, in many ways, there was little wrong with the recording expertise of 1929.

Steve Lane and Trevor Benwell Production: Source Material; Courtesy John Wadley, John R.T. Davies, George Ellis. Our thanks also to Bob Hunt and Charlie Crump for their assistance,

Sleeve Note: Re-mastering: John Wadley

Club chorus airls

Sleeve Design: Stephen Hill, Danny Robins (from an idea by Steve Lane) George Ellis

SPECIAL NOTES

This compilation includes different takes only where some significant must all variation is involved, such as changes of solo, soloist or arrangement.

Takes which were originally rejected because of obvious mistakes in performance or recording, are not included, notifier are closely similar displicates. Owing to the age and ratty of the original recordings used in the production of the record, some extraneous interference is, in certain instances, unavoidable.
Modern transcription rechaiges combined with shills! transferring have readed us to overcome the worst aspects of this problem, whils training the best
of the original known! We are conducted that are remaining of the near will not impose your reporterior of these inportant performances.

For free detailed lists of available items, write to VJM Records, 32 Kenton Lane, Kenton, Harrow, Middx., HA3 8TX, England. (mono)

APRIL 1929

Duke Ellington (piano, arranger), Bubber Miley, Arthur Whetsol, Freddy Jenkins

JANUARY