

Face

Duke Ellington

a THE WORKS OF DUKE & Vol. 16

- 1. JUMP FOR JOY
- (D. Ellington-P. Webster-S. Kuller) 2'50
- 2. MOON OVER CUBA (D. Eilington-J. Tizol) 3(10)





- 3, SOME SATURDAY (R. Stewart) 3'00
- 4. SUBTLE SLOUGH (D. Ellington) 3'17
- 6. MENELIK THE LION OF JUDAH
- (R. Stewarr) 3'18 6. POOR BUBBER
- 6. POOR BUBBER (R. Stewart) 3'18
- 1,2 : D. Ellington and His Orchestra 3,4,5,6 : R. Stewart and His Orchestra

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Face2

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- « THE WORKS OF DUKE » Vol. 16
- 7. SQUATY ROO (J. Hodges) 2'24
- 8. PASSION FLOWER (B. Strayborn) 3'06





- 9. THINGS AIN'T WHAT THEY USED TO BE
- (M. Ellington) 3'37
 10. GOIN: OUT THE BACK WAY
- (J. Hodges) 2'41
- 11. FIVE O'CLOCK DRAG
- (D. Ellington) 3'10
- 12. ROCKS IN MY BED (D. Ellington) 3'05
- 7.8.9,10 ; J. Hodges and His Orchestra 11.12 : D. Ellington and His Orchestra

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Side 1

DUKE ELLINGTON AND HIS ORCHESTRA

Jump for Joy (D. Ellington - P. Webster - S. Kuller) (BS g61.340-2) 2'60 2 Moon over Cuba (D. Ellington - J. Tizol) (BS o61 341-1) 3110

REX STEWART AND HIS ORCHESTRA 3. Some saturday (BS a61.342-1) 3:00 4 Subtle slough (BS 061.343-1) 3'17 (D. Ellington) 5. Menelik - The lion of Judah (BS 061.344-1) 3'18 (R. Stewart) 6 Poor bubber (B. Stinwart) (BS 061.345-1) 3'18

Side 2

JOHNNY HODGES AND HIS ORCHESTRA

7. Squaty roo (BS 061.346-1) 2'24 8. Passion flower (BS 061.347-1) 3'06 9. Things ain't what they used to be (M. Ellington) (BS 061.348-1) 3'37 10. Goin'out the back way (J. Hodoes) (BS 061,349-1) 2'41

DUKE ELLINGTON AND HIS ORCHESTRA

11. Five o'clock drag (D. Ellington) (BS 061.684-1) 3'10 12. Rocks in my bed (D. Ellington) (BS 061.685-1) 3'05

This sixteenth volume in the series "THE WORKS OF DUKE FLLING-TON is composed principally of recordings made during the summer of 1941, the very time that the full orchestra was taking part in the Los Angeles production of "Jump For Joy". It provides an interesting change from the band's regular output, featuring the choice morsels of two small-group sessions led by Rex Stewart and Johnny

Stanley Dance's comments are of great interest in this context: "Ti small band dates under the leadership of Johnny Hodges. Rev Stewart and Barney Bigard permitted the expression of ideas for which the hig orchestra was not always ready or appropriate. That this leadership was more than nominal is indicated by the distinctive character of each series of recordings, yet the Ellington presence is felt on nearly all of them. They have shape, finish and continuity and only rarely are the rough edges of the "workshop" experiment The sessions served, nevertheless, as valuable grounds for material that was often orchestrated later for the main

The importance of Hodges' presence within the Ellington ranks cannot be overstressed. Probably only Cootie Williams has managed to the same extent, through an unmistakably personal style, to symbolise so entire a slice of the Ellingtonian art. Hodges' role of alto-saxophonist placed him in the middle of the saxophone section, the centre spot of the orchestra as seen by the audience; from this strategie position he became the band's undisputed number one soloist. Despite this he has at times been taken for something of a sham, his highly impassive approach causing him to appear indifferent to the proceedings in which he was taking part. This reputation was further all too willingly tended to purvey an air of detachment bordering or the cynical. Certainly, his straight-faced retorts did nothing to dispel the opinions of those who were the butt of his ridicule.

This affectation, surely a defence mechanism against intrusions into his private life, evaporated as soon as he began to play, every single note he produced irradiating an undeniable warmth. In truth, this



COMPLETE EDITION

VOLUME 16

apparent contradiction between the man and his music was both superficial and misleading. Away from the crowd, in the midst of general. Perhaps Harry Carney came close to the truth in depiction him as a shy man, forced rejuctantly into the spotlight by the demands Within the orchestra, admiration for Hodges was totally unreserved

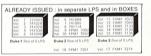
For his peers he was the typical jazzman. He worshipped Bechet; and, as Coleman Hawkins with the tenor-sax, he gave the alto-sax almost overwhelming, yet always perfectly controlled power. On the other hand, his lyticism was much gentler than Bechet's and per-meated by sonsuality of every hue. By 1940 he was reaching the is revealed here on Passion Flower, a hallad written by Billy Stray, horn and which Hodges played frequently throughout his subsequent career. In another yein, he always showed a great fondness for compositions of simple structure, taken at medium tempo, which enabled him to make full use of his rich tone and to display the easy jazz and his two compositions Squaty Roo and Goin' Out The Back Way provide the perfect illustration. Comparing them in his conception of jazz that has not always been acknowledged sion and presence; and as an added bonus on Goin Out The Back Way, the great Harry Carney on baritone takes a solo which shows evidence of his daily musical contact with the celebrated Hodges alto. The importance of this same July session is further underlined by the first recording of the Mercer Ellington classic,

DISCOGRAPHICAL NOTES

1) - 2) : Wallace Jones, Ray Nance, Rex Stewart (tp); Lawrence wicke, Johnny Hodges (as), Ben Webster (ts), Harry Carney (bs as, cl), Barney Bigard (cl, ts); Edward "Duke" Ellington (n); Fred 1941

3) - 4) - 5) - 6) : Rex Stewart (tp), Lawrence Brown (tb), Ben Webste^f (ts), Harry Garney (bs), Edward "Duke" Ellington (p), Jirnmy Blanton (b), William "Sonny" Greer (dr), Hollywood, July 3rd, 1941 7) = 8) = 9) = 10) = Ray Nance (tp): Lawrence Brown (tb): Johnny Hodges (as): Harry Carney (bs): Edward "Duke Ellington (p); Jimmy Blanton (b): William "Sonny Greer (dr), Hollywood, July 3rd,

11) - 12): Wallace Jones, Rex Stewart (tp), Ray Nance (tp and voc), Lawrence Brown, Joe "Tricky Sam" Nanton (tb), Juan Tizol (vtb). Otto Hardwicke, Johnny Hodges (as), Ben Webster (ts), Harry Carney (bs, as, cl), Barney Bigard (cl, ts), Edward "Duke" Ellington (p). Fred Guy (g), Jimmy Blanton (b), William "Sonny" Greer (dr), Ivie Anderson (voc), Hollywood, Sept. 26th, 1941.



Things Ain't What They Used To Be, taken at a tempo which to us today seems abnormally slow, but on which the complete ease of Hodges' playing is already so much in evidence; this particular track

Mention of Armstrong brings us to one of his major disciples. Musician of many facets, instrumentalist of startling virtuosity in the hand-Some Saturday is imbued with romanticism, Subtle Slough with gaiety. The latter piece, under the title Just Squeeze Me, was subsequently to become a personal hit for Ray Nance in the role of vocalist. Menelik, an unexpected evocation of a king of Abyssinia, provides the opportunity for Rex to descend into the lowest registers of his instrument. As for Poor Bubber, a moving homage to the what it became, always remained very much alive in the minds of his successors.

The eight small-group tracks are sandwiched between four contrasting Jump For Joy was covered in the notes to that album, whereas Moon Over Cuba is a Puerto Rican fantasy by Juan Tizol. Unit is a far cry from the vein of Caravan, Perdido or Conga Brava; only Ben Webster manages to salvage something from this piece of such doubtful taste, which, happily, remains one 1941. Five o'Clock Drag, taken at an easy medium tempo, is beautifully relaxed. Rocks In My Bed is a feature for Ivie Anderson with highly appropriate support from Barney Bigard and Johnny Hodges. This session will be completed in Volume 17.

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Translation by Don Waterhou Photo: L.P. Leloir

